1 THE HONORABLE JOHN C. COUGHENOUR 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE 9 10 11 CASE NO. C06-1220-JCC JOHN VAN BUSKIRK, et al., 12 Plaintiffs, 13 ORDER v. 14 CONOCOPHILLIPS, INC., a foreign corporation; and INTALCO ALUMINUM 15 CORPORATION, a foreign corporation, 16 Defendants. 17 18 This matter comes before the Court on Defendants ConocoPhillips' and Intalco 19 Aluminum Corporation's Motion for Costs Pursuant to Fed.R.Civ. P. 54(d) (Dkt. No. 92), 20 Plaintiffs' Opposition (Dkt. No. 95), and Defendants' Reply (Dkt. No. 97). The Court has 21 carefully considered these papers, their supporting declarations and exhibits, and the balance of 22 relevant materials in the case file, and has determined that oral argument is not necessary. For 23 the reasons explained below, the Court hereby DENIES Defendants' motion. 24 T. **BACKGROUND** 25 Plaintiffs are a group of homeowners from a Puget Sound-fronting community near 26 Ferndale, WA. (Am. Compl. 1–6 (Dkt. No. 4).) Plaintiffs initiated this case by filing a ORDER

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complaint against Defendants asserting state causes of action, both statutory and common-law, based on erosion to Plaintiffs' beachfront properties allegedly caused by Defendants' business operations. (Compl. (Dkt. No. 1).) On November 10, 2009, this Court entered summary judgment in favor of Defendants based on Plaintiffs' collective inability to prove the amount of the erosion to their properties allegedly caused by Defendants. (Order (Dkt. No. 90).)

On November 30, 2009, Defendants filed the present motion, which seeks costs pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 54(d). Defendants filed with the Court a Bill of Costs totaling \$35,619.50 (Dkt. No. 94), which represents Defendants' costs for deposition transcripts and the attendance of a court reporter at the depositions of all individual Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' four experts. (*See* Degginger Decl. (Dkt. No. 93).)

II. DISCUSSION

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 54(d)(1) states that "costs--other than attorney's feesshould be allowed to the prevailing party" unless a federal statute, rule or court order provides otherwise. Although Rule 54 creates a presumption for the award of costs to prevailing parties, a court has discretion to decline to award costs when it explains why, under the circumstances of the case, such award would be inappropriate or inequitable. *Save Our Valley v. Sound Transit*, 335 F.3d 932, 944–945 (9th Cir. 2003); *Ass'n of Mexican-American Educators v. State of California*, 231 F.3d 572, 591, 593 (9th Cir. 2000). Such circumstances may include: the losing party's limited financial resources, *see National Org. for Women v. Bank of Cal.*, 680 F.2d 1291, 1294 (9th Cir. 1982); misconduct on the part of the prevailing party, *see National Info. Servs.*, 51 F.3d 1470, 1472 (9th Cir. 1995); and the importance and complexity of the issues, *see Save Our Valley*, 335 F.3d at 945.

The Court denies Defendants' requested transcript costs due to the narrow basis for its granting of summary judgment, the burden that such costs would impose on a group of private homeowners, and the inequity of placing the entirety of such costs on Plaintiffs, whose case was dismissed on an issue of proof rather than merit.

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III. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Defendant's Motion for Costs (Dkt. No. 92) is DENIED. DATED this 28th day of April, 2010.

John C. Coughenour

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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